



FENCING
I R E L A N D

Organisation Rules

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BOOK 2. ORGANISATION RULES

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BOOK 2. ORGANISATION RULES

PART A: GENERAL RULES FOR COMPETITIONS

Chapter 1 **INTRODUCTION**

Application

o.1

The **official competitions** of Fencing Ireland are organised according to the following rules.

o.2

2 Every competitor in a competition, irrespective of his status, is required to be **licensed for the current season**.

Types of Competition

o.3

These Rules are obligatory **without modification** for all fencing competitions held within the nation of Ireland.

Chapter 2

GLOSSARY

Assaults and bouts

o.5

A friendly combat between two fencers is called an **assault**. When the score of such an assault is kept to determine a result in an individual competition it is called a **bout**.

The three sections of a direct elimination bout are called **periods**.

In a match (cf o.6) between teams each of the nine bouts is called a **relay**.

Match

o.6

The aggregate of the relays fought between the fencers of two different teams is called a **match**.

Competition

o.7

- 1 A competition is the aggregate of the bouts (individual competitions) or of the matches (team competitions) required to determine the winner of the event.
- 2 Competitions are distinguished by weapons, by the competitors' sex, by their age and by the fact that they are for individuals or for teams.

Tournament

- o.8 Tournament is the name given to a number of competitions, individual and team, held at the same place, at the same period and under the same aegis.

Championship

- o.9 A championship is the name given to a competition held to determine the best fencer or the best team at each weapon for a federation, for a specific region or for the world and for a specific period of time.

Chapter 3

BODIES RESPONSIBLE FOR ORGANISATION AND CONTROL

The Organising Committee

- o.10
- 1 The Organising Committee is the group of persons responsible for organising the competition.
- 2 The Organising Committee must take note of the instructions in the **Specifications** for running official Fencing Ireland competitions..

The Board of Fencing Ireland

- o.11 The Board of Fencing Ireland holds the overall authority over the running of official Fencing Ireland competitions.

Supervision by Fencing Ireland

- o.12
- 1 With the aim of ensuring that the rules are observed at official Fencing Ireland competitions, Fencing Ireland have the right to appoint a supervisor (cf. 0.22-23).
- 2 .Whether an official supervisor has been appointed or not, all Fencing Ireland officials (board members, subcommittee members, staff) shall have the authority to highlight areas where rules are not being observed and, through discussion with the Directoire Technique, require that the rules are properly applied.

The Directoire Technique

- o.14 The technical organisation of competitions is entrusted to a **Directoire Technique**, the functions and scope of whose activities are described in the Rules (cf. t.139-141, o.15 - o.17).

The Directoire Technique and Fencing Ireland officials at official competitions

o.15

1 Apart from the specific areas of competence which are the responsibility of the other Fencing Ireland officials specified hereafter, the technical management of the official Fencing Ireland competitions is entrusted to a **Directoire Technique**.

4 All the decisions of the Directoire Technique and the official Fencing Ireland delegates must be displayed sufficiently in advance on a clearly visible notice-board to be consulted by the fencers and officials. In principle, it is the responsibility of fencers and officials to keep themselves informed, and they may not make any complaint against changes in the timetable or any other matter about which information has been displayed within the stipulated time limits.

Nomination of the Directoire Technique

o.16

The **Directoire Technique** is composed of people **who have the experience and competence to organise competitions**.

The Directoire Technique may be composed of any number of members up to **six**.

Functions of the Directoire Technique

o.17

1 The functions of the Directoire Technique include the **strict organisation** of the different events, except the responsibilities of the other delegates of Fencing Ireland (cf o.12, o.20, o.22). It has the obligation to see that the Rules are adhered to and cannot decide on any departure from the Rules except when circumstances arise in which it is absolutely impossible to apply them. s

2 The Directoire Technique is responsible for the **technical organisation** of the competitions and for ensuring their smooth running.

3 Hence:

a) It ensures the co-ordination between the Organising Committee, the Directoire Technique, the official Fencing Ireland delegates and the other functions of Fencing Ireland;

b) It checks the **entries**;

c) It draws up the **pool sheets** and **direct elimination tables**;

d) It allocates the pistes;

e) It supervises the **progress** of the event(s);

f) It checks **results**;

g) It prepares the **subsequent events** sufficiently in advance to be able to warn the fencers, officials and judges;

h) It supervises the **dissemination** of results;

g) With the advice of the Referee Manager, where present, the Directoire Technique appoints referees, cf. t.50.1;

i) With the advice of the Referee Manager, where present, the Directoire Technique makes judgements on referee's decisions when an appeal has been made, cf. o.20.3.

4 Furthermore the Directoire Technique has **disciplinary responsibility** at competitions but only as a collective entity. Where there is more than one

- member of a Directoire Technique, in the event of a tied vote within the Directoire Technique, the **vote of the Directoire Technique President is decisive**. With respect to disciplinary actions, see t.143.4 and t.175.2
- 5 It is the responsibility of the Directoire Technique to settle any disputes which arise at Fencing Ireland competitions. Where disputes cannot be fully settled on the day, it is the responsibility of the Directoire Technique to report those disputes to Fencing Ireland.

Designation of Referee Manager, and First Aid cover

o.18

The Referee Manager may be appointed by the Organising Committee or Directoire Technique. They should be a suitably qualified person with refereeing experience.

The Organising Committee must arrange for the provision of First Aid cover. Information regarding first aid and how to access it must be provided to all by a suitable method, e.g. signs/posters with relevant information.

The Referee Manager

o.20

- 1 The functions of the Referee Manager include advising on and assisting in the organisation of the refereeing of events to help their perfect running. They have the obligation to see that the Rules are adhered to and cannot themselves decide on any departure from the Rules except in circumstances in which it is absolutely impossible to apply them.
- 2 Hence:
 - a) They may organise the referee's meeting before the event.
 - b) They help the Directoire Technique to establish the list of referees before each competition.
 - c) They observe the referees at work and advise the Directoire Technique to assist in the appointment of referees as mandated in articles t.50 ss.
 - d) They review protests and provide solutions in conformity with the instructions in article t.171.
- 3 For questions concerning the rules during Fencing Ireland competitions, the Refereeing Commission delegate(s) are competent to judge or assist the Directoire Technique in judging a referee's decision from the beginning to the end of the bout.
- 4 Furthermore, a Refereeing delegate is an entity who has disciplinary responsibility at competitions; Article t.139 ss defines the extent of his or her authority.

Supervisor

0.22

1 Fencing Ireland may choose to appoint a supervisor, whose task it will be to verify that the competition properly follows all relevant rules and regulations.

4 The Supervisor may assist the Directoire Technique in settling any other disputes that might arise at Fencing Ireland competitions.

0.23

This supervisor is either:

- a member of a Fencing Ireland sub committee,
- a member of the board of Fencing Ireland,
- **any person available and experienced in the organisation of competitions.**

Refereeing

0.24

1 **Refereeing** at World Championships is carried out by referees chosen by the Directoire Technique with the assistance of the Referee Manager, where one has been appointed.

0.25

1 **The number** of qualified **referees** that must accompany from a club when that club enters a certain number of fencers in a single weapon event is:

1-3 fencers:	No obligation to provide a referee
4-7 fencers:	One referee
8 or more fencers:	Two referees

2 **Should a club not provide the required number of referees, a fine (cf 0.31, table of financial penalties and fines) will be inflicted on it.**

Specialised personnel

0.27

The organising committee may appoint:**1 Scorers and time-keepers**

The Organising committee may choose to appoint, on their own responsibility, **scorers** whose duty it will be to keep the score-sheet for the bout, the pool or the match and maintain the score-boards, and a **time-keeper** whose duty it will be to keep time for the duration of the bouts (cf. t.37ss).

2 The Organising Committee may choose to appoint **qualified persons**, who pay careful attention to the signals given by the apparatus in order that they may be able to advise the Referee as to what the apparatus has registered, and warn

him, even during the course of a bout, as to any abnormal phenomena which may occur.

3 **Experts**

a) For each tournament, the Organising Committee may choose to appoint **experts in matters relating to the electrical apparatus**. These experts are placed under the supervision of the Directoire Technique.

b) The experts may be consulted, separately or conjointly, by the referees or by the Directoire Technique regarding all questions relating to the electrical apparatus.

c) **Members of the Fencing Ireland Armoury sub committee** who are present are ex officio qualified to act as experts.

4 **Repairers**

For each tournament, the Organising Committee may choose to ensure the presence of **competent repairers** to remedy faults in the electrical apparatus and, possibly, in the personal electrical equipment of the fencers.

Where no specific Repairers are appointed, the Organising Committee should make provisions for spare competition equipment to be available to replace faults in the electrical apparatus.

Chapter 4

AGE OF PARTICIPANTS

0.29

1 No fencer may obtain enter an official Fencing Ireland Cadet, Junior, Senior, or Veteran competition, until he or she has reached their 13th birthday.

2 Fencers taking part in all the official Fencing Ireland Cadet competitions must be under 17 years old at midnight on the 31st December of the year preceding the year in which the competition takes place.

Fencers taking part in all the official Fencing Ireland Junior competitions, individual or team, must be under 20 years old at midnight on 31st December of the year preceding the year in which the competition takes place.

Youth competitions may be organised with the following age categories.

Eligibility for these age category events will be assessed on the principle of the fencer's age on the 31st December of the year preceding the year in which the competition takes place.

- Under 8
- Under 10
- Under 12
- Under 14

3 Apart from the stipulations above, there is no maximum age limit for those taking part in any other Fencing Ireland events, except in regard to the different Veteran categories.

a) The age groups in Veterans categories will be:

a) Age group 30-39: Must be at least 30 years old and less than 40 years old in the year of the competition.

b) Age group 40-49: Must be at least 40 years old and less than 50 years old in the year of the competition.

c) Age group 50-59: Must be at least 50 years old and less than 60 years old in

- the year of the competition.
- d) Age group 60-69: Must be at least 60 years old and less than 70 years old in the year of the competition.
- e) Age group 70+: Must be at least 70 years old in the year of the competition.
- 4 All participants in an official Fencing Ireland competition who are under the age of eighteen must either:
- a) be accompanied by a person who is a parent or guardian of the participant or who has **been delegated in a form valid signed by a parent or guardian** of such participant to act on behalf of the participant regarding health-related issues; or
 - b) have such power of attorney issued to a person who has achieved his/her majority and who will be at the competition site during the competition and has agreed to accept the responsibility delineated in such power.

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Chapter 5

FINANCIAL PENALTIES AND FINES

Table of Financial Penalties and Fines

0.31

	Article	Amount	Date of payment	To be paid to	By whom
Participation of a fencer or team not properly entered or without a valid FIE licence for the current season	o.61.6	250 euros per improper participation	On receipt of notification of the fine	FIE	By the organiser
Required number of referees not respected	o.25.1.b	100 euros per referee	On receipt of notification of the fine	Organiser	By the offending club

PART B: PROCEDURES BEFORE THE COMPETITIONS

Chapter 1 PROGRAMMING

Timetable

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Chapter 2 INVITATIONS

Official Invitation

o.46

For all the official Fencing Ireland competitions, the **official invitation** is the letter in which the Organising Committee provides the details of the event, including the timetable, and entry fees.

o.47

For **ranked events**, this invitation must be publicised at least **one month** before the competition.

For National Circuit events, every effort should be made to have the date and schedule set **before the start of the season** (1 September each year).

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Chapter 3

ENTRIES

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PART C: PROCEDURES DURING THE COMPETITIONS

Chapter 1
FORMULAE

INDIVIDUAL COMPETITIONS

o.66

- 1 Ranked individual competitions may be organised:
 - a) **By direct elimination with a mixed system** consisting of one round of pools with no elimination (cf. o.73) and a direct elimination table.
 - b) **By direct elimination with a mixed system** consisting of two rounds of pools with no elimination with post pool seedings based off results in the second round of pools only (cf. o.73), followed by a direct elimination table.
 - c) **By direct elimination with a mixed system** consisting of two rounds of pools with no elimination with post pool seedings based off results in both rounds of pools (cf. o.73), followed by a direct elimination table.
- 2 The chosen format must be decided and announced before the start of an event.

A. GENERAL RULES FOR THE ROUND OF POOLS

o.67

- 1 Where possible in **all competitions for which the formula includes a round of pools**, these pools consist of **7** fencers if the number of participants is divisible by 7. Otherwise the pools are of 7 and 6. In cases where this is not possible or practical, smaller or larger pools may be organised. Depending on the number of participants, the pool round may take place over several rounds.

Composition of pools

o.68

- 1 The pools are composed taking account of the initial seeding in the competition, which is based on the latest official Fencing Ireland ranking and by drawing lots among any fencers who are not in the ranking. The pools are composed using the following method:

Pool	A	B	C
Fencer ranked	1	2	3
	6	5	4
	7	8	9
	12	11	10
	13	14	15
	18	17	16
	19	20	21

The allocation of fencers in the pools must be made in such a way as to place fencers of the same club in different pools, as far as possible. If a fencer is placed in a pool where there is already a fencer of the same club, he is moved one or more places down the ranking until he is placed in a pool without a fencer of the same club. If this is not possible, he must remain in the original pool.

- 3 **The order of fencers** on the pool sheet is decided by drawing lots.
- 4 The pools must be fenced **up to the last bout**.

o.69

The order of bouts in the pools is as follows:

1. Pool of 7			2. Pool of six		
1-2	5-1	3-5	1-2	5-4	6-4
2-5	4-3	1-6	4-3	1-6	2-3
3-6	6-2	2-4	6-5	3-5	1-4
7-1	5-7	7-3	3-1	4-2	5-2
5-4	3-1	6-5	2-6	5-1	3-6

2-3 4-6 1-2
6-7 7-2 4-7

3. Pool of five
1-2 5-4 3-5
3-4 1-3 4-2
5-1 2-5
2-3 4-1

4. Pool of four
1-4 3-4
2-3 1-2
1-3
2-4

o.70

When there are several fencers from the same club in a pool:

1 If they **do not form the majority** of the competitors in the pool, they must fence off the bouts between themselves before meeting competitors of another nationality.

2 If they **form the majority** of the competitors in the pool, the Directoire Technique may establish a special order of bouts, departing as little as possible from the principle laid down in 3.a) below, in order to obviate excessive fatigue or delays for the competitors who form the minority in the pool.

3 Examples of the **order of fencers of the same club** in a pool of six:

a) When a pool contains, among its six fencers,

- **two fencers of the same club A, or**
- **two fencers of the same club A and two of the same club B**
- **two fencers of the same club A, two of the same nationality B and two of the same club C**

the fencers' names are placed on the pool sheet in such a way that those of the same club fence each other in their first bout and the order of bouts of a pool of six is that shown in Article o.69 above.

b) When a pool contains among its six fencers,

- **three fencers of the same club A, or**
- **three fencers of the same club A and two fencers of the same club B,**
or
- **three fencers of the same club A and three fencers of the same club B,**
the order will be as follows:

1-2 6-4 4-2
4-5 2-5 3-6
2-3 1-4 5-1
5-6 5-3 3-4
3-1 1-6 6-2

the fencers' names are placed on the pool sheet in the following way:

- the fencers of club A are given numbers 1, 2 and 3;
- the fencers of club B are given numbers 4 and 5 or 4, 5 and 6.

c) When a pool contains among its six fencers **four fencers of the same club A** and two others of different clubs, the four fencers of club A are placed on the pool sheet as 1, 2, 3 and 4 and the order of bouts in the pool is as follows:

3-1 1-2 4-5
4-2 3-4 6-2
1-4 1-6 5-1
2-3 2-5 6-4
5-6 3-6 5-3

4 **Example of the order of fencers of the same club in a pool of seven:**

a) When this pool contains, among the seven fencers,

- **two fencers of club A, or**
- **two fencers of club A and two fencers of club B, or**
- **two fencers of club A, two fencers of club B and two fencers of club C,**
the fencers of the same nationality are listed on the pool sheet so that

they fence their first bout against each other while following the order of fights laid down in Article 0.69 above for a pool of seven fencers.

- b) When the pool contains, among the seven fencers,
- **three fencers of club A**, or
 - **three fencers of club A and two fencers of club B**, or
 - **three fencers of club A, two fencers of club B and two fencers of club C**

the three fencers of club A must be listed 1, 2 and 3 on the pool sheet, the two fencers of nationality B, 4 and 5, and the two fencers of nationality C, 6 and 7. The order of bouts for the pool of seven, detailed in Article 0.69, is no longer valid and must be replaced by the following order:

1-2	6-2	1-4
4-5	3-4	2-7
6-7	7-5	5-3
3-1	1-6	6-4
4-7	4-2	7-1
2-3	7-3	2-5
5-1	5-6	3-6

0.71

- 1 If a bout in a pool is **interrupted by an accidental cause**, and this interruption is likely to be prolonged, the Referee may (with the consent of the Directoire Technique) alter the order of bouts in such a way as to allow the normal progress of the competition to proceed.
- 2 **Where possible, the time allowed for a fencer to rest** between two consecutive bouts in a pool is three minutes.

0.73

- 1 After the pools, a **single general ranking** is established of all the fencers who have taken part in the pools, taking account, successively, of the indices V/M , $HS - HR$, HS .
(V = victories; M = bouts; HS = hits scored; HR = hits received.)
 - 2 A **summary classification table** is then made in the following way:
 - a) The results written up on the summary table are added up to ascertain the **two indices** required.
 - b) The **first index**, for the initial classification, is obtained by dividing the number of victories by the number of bouts fought, using the formula V/M .
 - c) The fencer with the **highest index** (maximum 1) is seeded first.
 - d) In cases of **equality in this first index**, and to separate fencers with equal first indices, a second index is established, using the formula $HS - HR$, the difference between the total number of hits scored and hits received.
 - e) **In cases of equality of the two indices V/M and $HS - HR$** , the fencer who has scored most hits is seeded highest.
 - f) In cases of **absolute equality** between two or more fencers, their seeding order is decided by drawing lots.
 - 3 Should there be **absolute equality among the last to qualify** there is no barrage, and the fencers with equal indicators are all qualified, even if they are in excess of the number decided on.
- Withdrawal**

0.74

- 1 A fencer who **is not present at the start of the pool** is scratched from the pool and is recorded without a classification at the end of the final classification list with the information "Did Not Start".

2 A fencer who abandons in the course of a pool is scratched from the pool and is recorded in the list of results with the information 'Did Not Finish'.

3 A fencer who **is excluded during the pool phase** is scratched from the pool, and his results are annulled as if he had not taken part. The fencer is recorded without a classification at the end of the final classification list with the information "Excluded".

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B. GENERAL RULES FOR THE DIRECT ELIMINATION

0.76

The **direct elimination table (bout plan)** is established taking account of the classification table and the special rules for each competition (see Figure 7a). The principle of protection of nationality will not be applied.

0.77

0.78

1 During the one-minute rests a person may have access to the fencer.

2 A clock, incorporated into the electrical scoring apparatus, blocks the latter at the end of each period.

Withdrawal

1 From the beginning of the direct elimination tableau, if for whatever reason, a fencer does not fence, or **is unable to fence, or does not complete his bout**, his opponent is declared winner of that bout. A fencer who withdraws does not lose his place in the overall classification of the competition and is recorded in the result list with the information "Did Not Finish".

2 A fencer who **is excluded** is scratched from the direct elimination table and his results are annulled as if he had not taken part. The fencer is recorded without a classification at the end of the final classification list with the information "Excluded". Cf. t.124.3.b, t.170.

Order of bouts

0.80

1 In each round of the direct elimination table (256, 128, 64, 32, 16, 8 or 4), the bouts are always called **in the order of the bout plan**, starting at the top and ending at the bottom.

2 This rule must also be applied for **each quarter or eighth of the table**, when the direct elimination is taking place simultaneously on 4 or 8 pistes.

3 When possible, a fencer must always be allowed a **rest period of ten minutes** between two consecutive bouts.

0.81

Classification

0.82

1 The **general classification** is obtained as follows:

First: the winner of the bout for the first place

Second: the loser of the bout for the first place

2 The two fencers who lose the semi-final matches are placed equal third, when it is not necessary to separate them.

3 When it is necessary to separate them, a bout for third and fourth places will be fought between the two losers of the semi-final matches.

4 The remainder are placed, in each round of the tableau:

- a) Competitions with a round of pools: according to the ranking for the drawing of the direct elimination tableau following the pools.
 - b) Competitions with no round of pools: according to the ranking preceding the drawing of the initial tableau and before any drawing of lots if that is required.
- 5 **The fencers eliminated in the round of pools** are ranked according to their classification in this round and they are placed after those who qualified for the direct elimination.

TEAM COMPETITIONS

0.97

At each weapon teams consist of **three fencers**, with or without a reserve. A team may begin a match only **if it is complete**.

0.98

- 1 Team competitions may be run with any combination of pools and direct elimination tables that the Organisers wish. The chosen format must be decided and announced before the start of an event.

0.99

The **formula** for the competition is as follows.

- 1 The **relay formula** applies to all weapons.
- 2 The three fencers of one team fence the three fencers of the opposing team (**9 relay bouts**).
- 3 The bouts of each match have to be fought in the following **order**:

3-6	2-5
1-5	1-4
2-4	2-6
1-6	3-5
3-4	

If this order is **altered**, intentionally or unintentionally, all the hits scored following the modification are annulled and the match is resumed in the correct order.

- 4 **The position of each team on the match score-sheet** is decided by drawing lots. **The order of the individual fencers** is then decided by the team captains.

5

- a) In the course of a match the captain of a team may ask to **substitute** for a fencer the reserve nominated before the start of the match. This substitution may only be made at the end of a bout **of a substituted fencer** and **the announcement**, that a fencer is to be substituted, must be made at the latest before the beginning of the bout preceding the next bout of the fencer who is to be replaced and must be reported by the Referee to the opposing team captain, except the substitution in case listed in 0.99.6. However, the fencer who has been replaced may fence one more time during that match, but only to replace the fencer who originally substituted him. This second replacement is not allowed if the first replacement has been made for the reasons listed in article 0.99.6. No further substitution for a fencer on the piste is allowed, even in the case of an accident or unavoidable circumstances.

- b) If an **accident** occurs in the bout which follows the request for a substitution, the team captain may annul that request.

- c) If the captain of the opposing team has also requested a substitution, this substitution may be **implemented or cancelled**.

6

- a) If a member of a team is **obliged to retire** during a match as the result of an **accident**, the captain of his team may ask to put in a reserve to continue the match at the point where the competitor who was obliged to retire withdrew, even during a bout in progress.

- b) However, **a competitor who is thus replaced** cannot again take his place in the team **during the same match**.
- 7
- a) If both a fencer and the reserve, if any, are forced to withdraw, and the team is therefore incomplete, it has lost the match and must withdraw from the competition. The team retains its place in the final ranking.
- b) If a fencer is excluded during a team match, his/her team has lost the match and the team is excluded from the competition without any final ranking. Cf. t.160.
- 8
- When for any reason whatever a team does not complete an event in which it is taking part, the Directoire Technique will apply the rules laid down for a competitor who does not complete an event in an individual competition, **each team being considered in its entirety as being a single competitor**. Cf. t.124.3.b, t.170.
- 9
- When a team **fails to appear** against another team it is considered:
 - a) as not completing the event in which it is taking part, if it has already fenced against another team (cf. o.79);
 - b) as not competing at all in the event, if it is its first match.
- 10
- Where possible, a 10-minute rest should be given between two matches of the same team.

o.103
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Chapter 2

ANTI-DOPING

Anti-doping testing

o.106

o.107

- 1 Doping is forbidden by Fencing Ireland. Any breaking of this rule will incur disciplinary action.
- 2 Doping is defined as the occurrence of one or more of the anti-doping rule violations set forth in relevant Sport Ireland rules or regulations.
- 3 Fencing Ireland has committed itself to the WADA Anti-Doping Code.
- 4 Fencing Ireland reserves the right to conduct doping control during competitions — that is, at any competition organised under its control — as well as out-of-competition.
- 5 The athletes who participate in Fencing Ireland competitions undertake to respect the Fencing Ireland anti-doping Rules, to use neither prohibited substances nor prohibited methods and to agree to submit to any anti- doping control, whether in- or out- of competition;
- 6
- 7 The penalties and consequences of the penalties arising from violations of the anti-doping rules are those laid down by Sport Ireland and WADA.
- 8 Fencers found to have contravened these anti-doping rules will be subject to the procedures provided for in the Anti-Doping Rules.
- 9 As set out in the FIE rules, doping offences committed and penalised in any of the member countries of the FIE will be taken into account and the penalties ('sanctions') will be applied by Fencing Ireland.
- 10 Fencing Ireland will follow new rules or procedures as modifications are made by the appropriate national and international bodies.

PART D: PROCEDURES AFTER THE COMPETITIONS

Chapter 1 ***RANKING***

Official Fencing Ireland individual ranking

0.108
1

Fencing Ireland's ranking system for any age category will be approved by the board of Fencing Ireland and details of the system will be made available to all members.

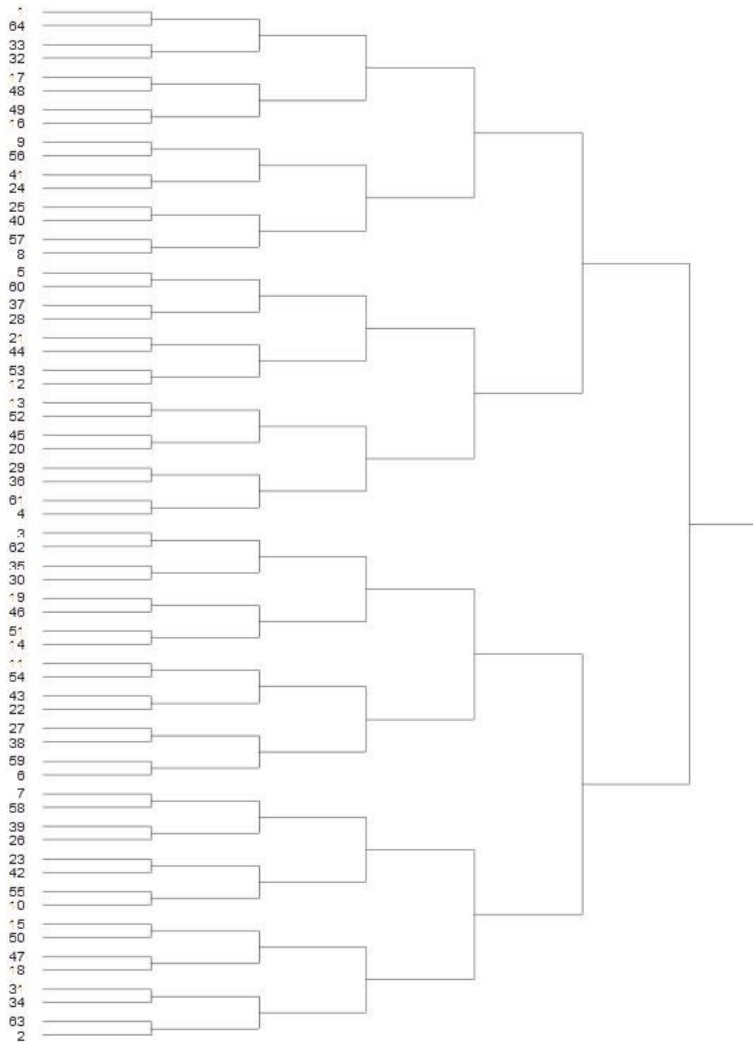


Figure 7a. Bout plan for individual direct elimination (table for 64 fencers)

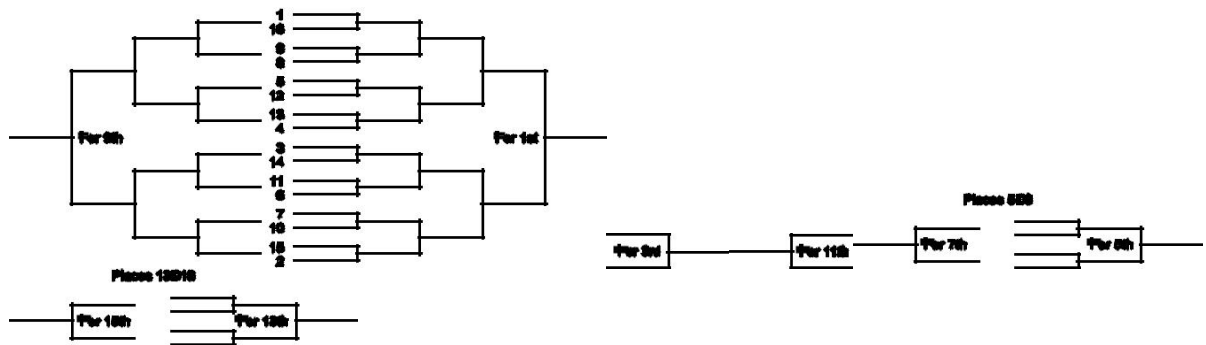


Figure 7b Bout plan for direct elimination for team competitions (16 teams)

